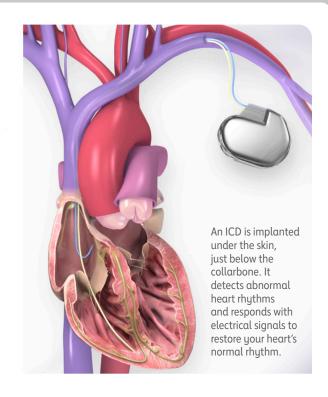


What Is an Implantable Cardioverter Defibrillator (ICD)?

An ICD is a battery-powered device placed under the skin, just below the collarbone, or in your abdomen (stomach area) beneath your ribs. It reads the electrical signals in your heart to keep track of your heart rate. If the ICD detects an abnormal heart beat, it can deliver an electric pulse or shock to your heart. This helps restore a normal heartbeat.

ICDs are useful in preventing sudden death in people who have a high risk of a life-threatening ventricular arrhythmia (abnormal heart rhythm).



How do ICDs work?

- The ICD is connected to your heart by one or more thin wires, called leads, that attach to one or more of the chambers in your heart.
- Electrical signals from your heart travel up the leads to the ICD, so it can read your heartbeat.
- When the ICD detects an irregular heartbeat, it helps return the heartbeat to normal by sending tiny electric shocks through the leads to the heart chambers.
- It works 24 hours a day.

How do I live with an ICD?

Visit your health care professional regularly. ICD batteries last 4 to 7 years and your health care professional should check them every 3 to 6 months or as directed by your health care team.

Talk to your health care team about your activities. Ask them what you can and cannot do. Also ask what types of machines or equipment you should avoid. Those with magnets and strong electrical fields may interfere with its operation.

You should also:

- Tell airport security guards that you have an ICD. Ask them not to use hand-held metal detectors on you.
- Tell your other health care professionals, including your dentist, that you have an ICD.
- Tell the doctors and nurses that you have one anytime you go to the hospital.
- Always carry a card with the details about your ICD and emergency contact information, so others know that you have one in the event of a medical emergency.

Can I use a cell phone or microwave oven?

In general, microwave ovens, electric blankets, remote controls for TV and other common household appliances and electronics won't affect your ICD. Even though these devices may pose little known risk, try to keep all motors and antennae at least 6 inches away from your ICD.

You can also use a cell phone if you take these steps:

 Hold the phone to the ear on the side of your body opposite from your ICD.

(continued)



What Is an Implantable Cardioverter Defibrillator (ICD)?

 When your phone is on, try to keep it at least 6 inches away from your ICD. For example, don't carry your phone in your breast pocket over your ICD.

What if I'm anxious about living with my ICD?

It isn't uncommon for people to feel anxious or depressed, especially in the first months or year after they get their ICD. You need to know that you are not alone or without support. If you have these feelings, consult with your health care team and get help.

Research has shown that ICDs can extend life and improve quality of life. You may feel less anxious living with an ICD by understanding more about the device itself and what to expect from having it.



If you have an ICD, hold your cell phone to the ear on the side of your body opposite from your ICD.

HOW CAN I LEARN MORE?

- 1 Call 1-800-AHA-USA1 (1-800-242-8721) or visit heart.org to learn more about heart disease and stroke.
- 2 Sign up for our monthly Heart Insight e-news for heart patients and their families at **HeartInsight.org**.
- 3 Connect with others sharing similar journeys with heart disease and stroke by joining our Support Network at heart.org/SupportNetwork.

Do you have questions for your doctor or nurse?

Take a few minutes to write down questions for the next time you see your health care professional.

For example:

Poes the shock hurt?

Can I swim?

MY QUESTIONS:

We have many other fact sheets to help you make healthier choices to reduce your risk for heart disease, manage your condition or care for a loved one. Visit heart.org/AnswersByHeart to learn more.